

## Claims

[c1] What is claimed is:

- Sub 12 → 1. A fiber optic scintillator cell comprising:  
a first component formed of scintillating material; and  
a second component formed of optically stimulated material.
- [c2] 2. The fiber optic scintillator cell of claim 1 wherein the first component and the second component are intermixed with one another forming a single composite structure.
- [c3] 3. The fiber optic scintillator cell of claim 1 wherein the first component and the second component are arranged in a discretely layered stack.
- [c4] 4. The fiber optic scintillator cell of claim 1 wherein the optically stimulated material comprises material chargeable to an excited state.
- Sub 12 → [c5] 5. The fiber optic scintillator cell of claim 4 wherein the scintillating material comprises material capable of absorbing electromagnetic energy and outputting optical emissions in response thereto and wherein the optical emissions cause the second component to output a signal having an intensity exceeding an intensity of the optical emissions received by the first component.
- [c6] 6. The fiber optic scintillator cell of claim 5 wherein the optical emissions output from the first component and received by the second component causes a cascading of multiple emissions from the optically stimulated material.
- [c7] 7. The fiber optic scintillator cell of claim 1 incorporated into a computed tomography medical imaging diagnostic device.
- [c8] 8. The fiber optic scintillator cell of claim 1 incorporated into a non-invasive baggage inspection device.
- [c9] 9. A detector for a computed tomography system, the detector comprising:  
a fiber optic scintillator configured to receive high frequency electromagnetic energy having a first intensity and further configured to output light energy having a second intensity, wherein the second intensity exceeds the first
- Sub 12 →

intensity; and

a photodiode optically coupled to the scintillator and configured to detect the light energy output from the fiber optic scintillator.

- [c10] 10. The detector of claim 9 wherein the fiber optic scintillator comprises a mixture of scintillating material and optically stimulated material.
- [c11] 11. The detector of claim 9 wherein the fiber optic scintillator comprises a layer of scintillating material and a layer of optically stimulated material coupled to the layer of scintillating material.
- [c12] 12. The detector of claim 11 wherein the layer of scintillating material is oriented to receive the high frequency electromagnetic energy and the layer of optically stimulated material is coupled to the photodiode.
- [c13] 13. The detector of claim 9 wherein the fiber optic scintillator has light intensity greater than that of a scintillator without built-in gain.
- [c14] 14. The detector of claim 9 incorporated into at least one of a computed tomography medical imaging device and a computed tomography baggage handling device.
- [c15] *Sub a* 15. A CT system comprising:  
a rotatable gantry having an opening to receive an object to be scanned;  
a high frequency electromagnetic energy projection source configured to project a high frequency electromagnetic energy beam toward the object;  
a scintillator array having a plurality of scintillator cells wherein each cell is configured to detect high frequency electromagnetic energy passing through the object, wherein each cell is configured to output light energy having an intensity exceeding an intensity of the high frequency electromagnetic energy detected by the cell;  
a photodiode array optically coupled to the scintillator array and comprising a plurality of photodiodes configured to detect light output from a corresponding scintillator cell, wherein each photodiode outputs a signal indicative of the light output of the corresponding scintillator cell;  
a data acquisition system (DAS) connected to the photodiode array and

configured to receive the photodiode outputs; and  
an image reconstructor connected to the DAS and configured to reconstruct an  
image of the object from the photodiode outputs received by the DAS.

- [c16] 16. The CT system of claim 15 further comprising a movable table configured to pass the object through the opening and wherein the object is a medical patient.
- [c17] 17. The CT system of claim 15 further comprising a conveyor system configured to pass the object through the opening and wherein the object is one of a package and a piece of baggage.
- [c18] 18. The CT system of claim 17 incorporated into at least one of a mail sorting facility and a baggage handling facility.
- [c19] 19. The CT system of claim 15 wherein each scintillator cell comprises a first component of scintillating material and a second component of optically stimulated material, the optically stimulated material including material that may be changed to an excited state by a laser.
- [c20] 20. The CT system of claim 19 wherein scintillating material includes material capable of triggering a cascading of emissions in the second component.
- [c21] 21. The CT system of claim 19 wherein the first component and the second component are intermixed with one another forming a single composite structure.
- [c22] 22. The CT system of claim 19 wherein the scintillator comprises a layer of the first component and a layer of the second component coupled to the layer of the first component.
- [c23] 23. A method of manufacturing a fiber optic scintillator cell having optical gain, the method comprising the steps of:  
fashioning a first component of scintillating material;  
fashioning a second component of optically stimulated material; and one of:  
intermixing the first component and the second component in a single composite structure, and
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forming the first component in a layer, forming the second component in a layer, and connecting the first component layer and the second component layer to one another in a single layered structure.

[c24] 24. The method of claim 23 wherein the second component comprises optically stimulated material capable of emitting light having an intensity exceeding an intensity of light output by the first component.

[c25] 25. The method of claim 23 further comprising the step of configuring the second component of optically stimulated material from a material capable of being changed to an excited state by a laser.

[c26] 26. A scintillator cell for use with a CT imaging system, the scintillator comprising:  
means for converting high frequency electromagnetic energy to light energy;  
means for amplifying the light energy output from the means for converting;  
and  
means for outputting the amplified light energy to a light energy detector.

[c27] 27. The scintillator cell of claim 26 wherein the means for amplifying is structurally connected to the means for converting.

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